

GEOGRAPHY

Minor or Integrative Studies Concentration only

Geography is an integrative discipline that focuses on the interrelationships between the physical and human environments.

Geographers investigate the physical landscape (e.g., landforms, climate, biosphere) and spatial patterns of human activity within the environment (e.g., urbanization, migration, spread of diseases, desertification, global change). By integrating the physical and the human environments, Geographers bring a unique perspective to the study of pressing societal problems and issues, such as natural disaster relief and urban sprawl. This perspective is strongly enhanced by a suite of spatial analytical tools (e.g., cartography, remote sensing, Geographic Information Systems). With its spatial analytical tools and broad perspectives on the physical and cultural world, geography provides useful skills and knowledge for students in a variety of fields from urban and land use planning to business, resource management, and international development.

Geographic knowledge and thinking enables one to understand the constantly changing places, people, patterns, and connections in the world today. There has never been a time of more mobility of people, information, and ideas, which makes understanding the spatial context of places and interactions very important.

A student must complete the following requirements for the minor or concentration in geography:

Minor or Integrative Studies Concentration Requirements

Code	Title	Credit Hours
Required Course:		4
GEOG 302	Mapping Our World	
Geography Electives		12
Select 12 credits from the following:		
ESCI 401	Sustainable Cities	
FNDS 3603	When Nature Strikes: Dealing with Natural Disasters	
GEOG 300	Urban Geography	
GEOG 301	Cultural Geography	
GEOG 303	Weather and Climate	
GEOG/GEOL/ ESCI 305	Intro to GIS	
GEOG 306	World Regional Geography	
GEOG 320	Global Climate Change	
GEOG 390	Topics in Geography	
GEOG 399	Independent Study	
Total Credit Hours		16

- A minimum GPA of 2.0 is required for the minor/concentration. The GPA is based on all coursework required within the minor (excluding prerequisites).
- A minimum of 9 credits must be completed at UM-Dearborn for a 12 credit minor/concentration.

- A minimum of 12 credits must be completed at UM-Dearborn for a 15 or more credit minor/concentration.
- Courses within a minor/concentration cannot be taken as Pass/Fail (P/F)
- Only 3 credit hours of independent study or internship may be used to fulfill the requirements for a 12 credit hour minor/concentration. Only 6 credit hours of such credit may be used in a 15 or more credit hour minor/concentration.
- Minors requiring 12 credits may share one course with a major. Minors requiring 15 credits or more may share two courses with a major. This does not apply to concentrations for the Integrative Studies major.

GEOG 201 Cultural Geography 3 Credit Hours

Overview of the major components of culture such as language, religion, agriculture, settlement patterns, and related landscape features in a spatial context. Emphasis on how various cultures perceive and interact with the environment. (F).

GEOG 203 Weather and Climate 3 Credit Hours

The controls and conditions of Earth's weather and climate including atmospheric circulation, precipitation processes, severe weather, climatic regions, and climatic change. (F).

GEOG 204 Landforms 3 Credit Hours

Processes and agents that shape the landscapes and landforms of the Earth's surface. The discussion of landforms is divided into two parts: (1) constructive processes and their spatial distribution and (2) gradational processes and their spatial distribution. (W).

GEOG 205 Geography of the United States 3 Credit Hours

A regional analysis of the United States that stresses the difference in the physical elements of landscapes that explain differences in economic development, cultural attainment, and land use and which, in turn, motivate regional interdependencies and interrelationships. (W).

GEOG 206 World Regional Geography 3 Credit Hours

World Regional Geography includes a systematic study of the world's geographic realms and regions, including Europe, Russia, Australia-New Zealand, East Asia, South Asia, Southwest Asia, N Africa, Sub-Saharan Africa, Middle and South America. Geographic concepts, such as map reading and spatial analysis, are first introduced. Then, the world is classified into geographic realms and regions using both physical and social criteria. Each region results from a unique interaction between the human societies and the physical environment. The physical, cultural, political, economic and social features of each region are studied, along with any special regional concerns or problems.

GEOG 300 Urban Geography 4 Credit Hours

The geography of human settlement and urbanization. Particular emphasis is placed on human transformation of the physical environment, and resource use throughout history from ancient civilizations to modern megalopolises. Universal urban challenges such as sprawl, pollution, congestion, crime, poverty, etc., are addressed. (YR).

GEOG 301 Cultural Geography 4 Credit Hours

This course is an overview of the major components of culture such as language, religion, agriculture, settlement patterns, and related landscape features in a spatial context. This course explores the idea of culture. Culture is not an intrinsic value that binds to people based on their physical features or the place in which they were born. Culture is a culmination of activities and practices that are celebrated, contested, and transform over time and place. Focus of the course emphasizes how various cultures perceive and interact with the environment. (F).

GEOG 302 Mapping Our World 4 Credit Hours

Mapping our World provides an introduction to the important role geographic data analysis can play in helping solve today's pressing problems. Students learn about Geographic Information Systems and their applications, particularly in the social sciences and humanities. Sample topics of inquiry may include public health, population patterns, spatial inequities, and environmental vulnerabilities. (F).

GEOG 303 Weather and Climate 4 Credit Hours

This course will provide an understanding of the nature of atmospheric processes. The controls and conditions of Earth's weather and climate are discussed. The impact of weather on our daily lives is examined. Areas of emphasis include severe weather and climatic change. (F).

GEOG 305 Intro to GIS 4 Credit Hours

An introductory course that examines the digital representation, manipulation, and analysis of geographic data, with the emphasis on the analytical capabilities that GIS brings solutions to geographic problems. Students will explore and learn GIS principles using ESRI's mapping software, as well as complete a major GIS project.

Corequisite(s): GEOG 305L

GEOG 305D Intro to GIS & Cartography Dis 0 Credit Hours

Required discussion session for GEOG 305.

Corequisite(s): GEOG 305

GEOG 306 World Regional Geography 4 Credit Hours

World Regional Geography includes a systematic study of the world's geographic realms and regions, including Europe, Russia, Australia-New Zealand, East Asia, South Asia, Southwest Asia, North Africa, Sub-Saharan Africa, Middle and South America. Geographic concepts, such as map reading and spatial analysis, are first introduced. Then, the world is classified into geographic realms and regions using both physical and social criteria. Each region results from a unique interaction between the human societies and the physical environment. The physical, cultural, political, economic, and social features of each region are studied, along with any special regional concerns or problems. (W).

GEOG 307 Geography of Western Europe 3 Credit Hours

An analysis of the strengths, weaknesses, interrelationships, and interdependence of selected countries of this economically advanced region. (OC).

GEOG 310 Economic Geography 3 Credit Hours

Spatial aspects of the ways people make their living. Discussion of the spatial distribution of resources and wealth at various scales. Introduction of site selection and location analysis.

GEOG 315 Political Geography 3 Credit Hours

The spatial dimensions of political activity from the local to the global scale. Themes include: control of territory, relations among political entities, and political ideology.

GEOG 320 Global Climate Change 4 Credit Hours

This course explores concepts and current thinking on global climate change and environmental impacts. It covers the history of Earth's climate, causes of climate change and current research attempting to forecast change. The biotic, economic, and social implications of climate change are discussed. (F, AY).

Restriction(s):

Can enroll if Class is Freshman or Sophomore or Junior or Senior

GEOG 325 Global Cities 3 Credit Hours

The course focuses on comparing the urban form, economies, and social life in cities around the world. The societies of the westernized, developed world are already highly urbanized. Cities outside of this sphere are generally growing much faster and experiencing greater social and economic upheaval as a result. Understanding non-North American urbanization is a vital part of understanding cities in general. (F)

GEOG 327 Michigan Geography 3 Credit Hours

A geographic study of the landforms, waterways, natural resources, landmarks and economic activities that contribute to the physical and cultural landscapes of Michigan. Population, industry, agriculture, recreation and tourism will all be considered. (S, W, YR)

GEOG 390 Topics in Geography 1 to 4 Credit Hours

Selected topics to be announced. (OC).

GEOG 390B Topics in Geography 1 to 3 Credit Hours

TOPIC TITLE: Global Climate Change. This course explores concepts and current thinking on global climate change and environmental impacts. It covers the history of Earth's climate, causes of climate change and current research attempting to forecast change. The biotic, economic, and social implications of climate change are discussed.

GEOG 399 Independent Study 1 to 4 Credit Hours

Readings or analytical assignments in accordance with the needs and interests of those enrolled and agreed upon by the student and the advising instructor.

*An asterisk denotes that a course may be taken concurrently.

Frequency of Offering

The following abbreviations are used to denote the frequency of offering: (F) fall term; (W) winter term; (S) summer term; (F, W) fall and winter terms; (YR) once a year; (AY) alternating years; (OC) offered occasionally